

**KUBOTA Corporation**

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**Notice on a distribution of retained earnings**

Kubota Corporation (hereinafter "the Company") has resolved at the Meeting of Board of Directors held on May 13, 2014 that the Company would distribute retained earnings as the record date was March 31, 2014.

**1. Details of year-end dividend**

	Year-end dividend	Latest forecast (Released on February 7, 2014)	Comparable previous year (Year ended March 31, 2013)
Record date	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Dividend per common share	¥18	¥18	¥9
Amount of dividend	¥22,502 million	-	¥11,307 million
Date of payment	June 23, 2014	-	June 24, 2013
Resource of dividend	Retained earnings	-	Retained earnings

**2. Reasons for raising dividend**

The Company's basic policy for the return of profit to shareholders is to maintain stable dividends and raise dividends together with share buy-backs and retirement of treasury stock.

Considering the basic policy and the Company's current business performance, the Company decided to pay ¥18 per common share as year-end dividend, which will be ¥9 higher than in the prior year.

Accordingly, including the interim dividend of ¥10 per common share already paid, the annual dividend per common share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014 will be ¥28, which will be ¥11 higher than in the prior year.  
 (per common share)

	Dividend per common share		
	Interim dividend	Year-end dividend	Annual dividend
This fiscal year (Year ended March 31, 2014)	¥10	¥18	¥28
Comparable previous year (Year ended March 31, 2013)	¥8	¥9	¥17

**< Cautionary Statements with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements >**

This document may contain forward-looking statements that are based on management's expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks and uncertainties, which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual future results may differ materially from what is forecast in forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including, without limitation: general economic conditions in the Company's markets, particularly government agricultural policies, levels of capital expenditures, both in public and private sectors, foreign currency exchange rates, the occurrence of natural disasters, continued competitive pricing pressures in the marketplace, as well as the Company's ability to continue to gain acceptance of its products.